



With which is incorporated The

"Hongkong Evening Mail and Shipping List." Published every Evening.

Vol. XXXIII. No. 4229. 號八十月正年七十七百八千一英

HONGKONG, THURSDAY, JANUARY 18, 1877.

日五初月二十年子丙

PPICE, \$24 PER ANNUM.

AGENTS FOR THE CHINA MAIL.

LONDON :- F. ALGAR, 8, Clement's Lune, Lombard Street. GEORGE STREET, 80, Cornhill. Gordon & Goton, Ludgate Circus, E. C. Bates, Hendy & Co., 4, Old Jewry, E.C. Samuel Dracon & Procuration. Circus, E. C. BATES, HENDY & Co., 4, Old Jewry, E.C. SAMUEL DEACON & Co., 150 & 154, Leadenhall Street. NEW YORK :- ANDREW WIND, 188, Nas-

AUSTRALIA, TASMANIA, AND NEW ZEALAND: -- GORDON & GOTOR, Melbourne and Sydney.

SAN FRANCISCO and American Ports generally :- Bran & Black, San Fran-CHINA: -- Swatow, QUELOH & CAMPBELL,

Amoy, WILSON, NICHOLLS & Co. Foochow, Hunga & Co. Shanghai. LAME, CRAWFORD & Co., and KELY THE BUSINESS of the Undersigned Macao, L. A. DA GREGA.

Banks.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANK-ING CORPORATION.

PAID-UP CAPITAL, ... 5,000,000 Dollars. RESERVE FUND,..... 200,000 Dollars.

COURT OF DIRECTORS. Chairman-E. R. BELILIOS, Esq. Deputy Chairman-AD, ANDRE, Esq. F. Cordes, Esq. S. W. Pomeror, Esq. Hoppius, Esq. F. D. Sassoon, Esq. H. Hoppius, Esq. A. Molves, Esq.

ACT. CHIRF MANAGER. Hongkong, . . THOMAS JACKSON, Esq.

Manager. Shanghai, . . EWEN CAMMBON, Esq. LONDON BANKERS. -- London and County

> HONGKONG. INTEREST ALLOWED

IN Current Deposit Accounts at the rate of 1 per cent. per annum on the daily | BUSINESS of the above-named DISPEN

On Fixed Deposits : -For 3 months, 2 per cent, per annum. 4 per cent. 5 per cent.

LOCAL BILLS DISCOURTED.

Oredita granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Drafts, granted on London, and the chief Commercial places in Europe, India Australia, America, China and Japan.

T. JACKSON, Loting Chief Manager. Offices of the Corporation,

No, 1, Queen's Road East. Hongkong, November 2, 1876.

for sale.

TUBORGS FABRIKKER DANISH BEER. TO BE HAD FROM LANE, CRAWFORD & Co. Hongkong, January 15, 1877.

FOR SALE.

OUTLER, PALMER & Co.'s Celebrated Brands of WINES and SPIRITS.

Apply to SIEMSSEN & Co.

Hongkong, June 22, 1876.

To Let.

TO LET. TTOUSE No. 7, Caine Road, lately occupled by Mr PARKER. House No. 10, Albany Road, at present

DAVID SASSOON, SONS & Co. Hongkong, January 10, 1877.

occupied by the Rev. R. H. Kipp.

TO BE LET. THE Premises at present occupied by the International Ice Manufacturing Co.,

Limited. For particulars, apply to

MEYER & Co. Hongkong, December 11, 1876.

TO LET.

HIE Dwelling House No. 4, Alexandra Terzace. The Bungalows Nos. 1 and 3, Old Bailey Street.

The upper portion of Nos. 42 and 44, Queen's Road. Apply to

DOUGLAS LAPRAIR & Co. Hongkong, November 17, 1876.

Notices of Firms.

NOTICE.

TR. FERDINAND NISSEN has been compelled to retire from our Firm in consequence of failing health, and his in-terest and responsibility ceased on the 31st December last.

Ma. NICOLAUS AUGUST SIEBS has been authorized to sign for us by Procuration. We have this day reopened a branch of our Firm at Canton.

SIEMSSEN & Co. Hongkong, January 1, 1877.

Notices of Firms:

NOTIOE.

W. PUSTAU & Co.

Hongkong, January 1, 1877.

NOTICE. TR. WILHELM CARL ENGELBRECHT VON PUSTAU, Junr., is authorized to sign W. PUSTAU & Co.

Hongkong, December 23, 1876. NOTICE.

& WALSH. Manile, C. HEINEREN & Co. | will henceforth be carried on under the Name or Style of H. Kika & Co. H. KLER.

Hongkong, January 1, 1877.

THE Interest and Responsibility in our I Firm of the late Mr J. C. KRUSE ceased with his death at Yokohama on the 27th of August last, and the Business will be carried on as heretofore and under the same Style and Firm by our Mr H. KUHL-MANN.

Mr RICHARD SCHÖNBERGER has been authorised to sign the Firm.

KRUSE & Co. Hongkong, January 1, 1877.

NOTICE.

TAR. H. C. ERDMANN has been admitted a Partner in our Firm, and Mr. ALFRED HERTZ has been authorized to sign for us per Procuration.

CARLOWITZ & Co. Hongkong, January 1, 1877.

VICTORIA DISPENSARY. N and after the 16th day of November,

1876, and until further notice, th SARY will be carried on by the Under-WM. ORUICKSHANK,

Manager. Hongkong, November 21, 1876.

NOTICE.

THE Partnership hitherto existing between the Undersigned under the Firm of

G. RAYNAL & Co. at this Port, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. GUSTAV RAYNAL,

CARL MILISOH. Macao, January 1, 1877.

NOTICE.

THE Interest and Responsibility of I .. VISCOUNT DO CERCAL In our Firm ceased from the 1st April 1876.

A. A. DE MELLO & Co.

Macao, January 1, 1877. HAVE this day Established myself at

this Port under my own name as GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT. O. KEES.

Canton, January 9, 1877.

NOTICE.

THE Interest and Responsibility of the late MR. ALFRED HUTCHISON in our Firm Ceased on the 26th February 1876. DEACON & Co.

Canton, January 1, 1877.

NOTICE.

TYPHE Partnership hitherto existing be tween the Undersigned under the name of Mestern & Hulse has this day been dissolved by lapse of time, and the signature of the Firm will henceforth be used for the Liquidation only.

> C. J. MESTERN, W. HULSE.

Canton, December 31, 1876.

NOTICE.

FIGHE Interest and Responsibility of Mr. CHARLES BEWICE QUELCH in our Firm Ceased on the 30th September, 1876. The Business will be Continued under the Style of Campbell & Co.

QUELCH & CAMPBELL, Swatow, January 1, 1877.

THE Firm of J. D. MEYER & FERRS will from this Date be carried on as heretofore under the Style of

J. D. MEYER & Co. Swatow, January 1, 1877.

Steamers,

for swatow, amov, tament &

TAIWANFOO The Steamship "LEONOR," Captala M. Young, will be despatched for the above Ports on FRIDAY, the 19t. Instant, at Daylight.

For Freight or Passage, apply to DOUGLAS LAPRAIK & Co. Hengkong, January 17, 1877,

Intimations.

ARE NOW LANDING AN INVOICE OF

GUILLET

CELEBRATED BRANDY.

This BRANDY is well known in England, the Colonies, and India. The Firm possess Six Vineyards and Six Distilleries, and are amongst the largest shippers from Charente.

Qualities One *, Two **, Three ***, and Four ****, in Cases of One Dozen Quarts.

POMMERY & GRENO'S

"Batre OHAMP AGNE.

in Quarts and Pints,

As supplied to the principal London Clubs.

Hongkong, January 5, 1877.

shipping.

Steamers.

FOR COOKTOWN. The British Steamer Captain Coles, will load here for the above Port, and will leave on

MONDAY, the 22nd Instant, at 2 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to HOP KEE & Co.

Hongkong, January 15, 1877. FOR LONDON, VIA SINGAPORE AND PENANG.

The Steamship " ALTONA," Captain Möller, will be despatched as above on TUES-DAY, the 23rd Instant, at Noon, For Freight, apply to

JARDINE, MATHESON & Co. Hongkong, January 15, 1877.

CASTLE LINE OF STEAMERS. FOR SHANGHAL The Steamer "BRAEMAR CASTLE expected here on or about the

14th Instant, will have immediate despatch for the above Port. For Freight or Passage, apply to ADAMSON, BELL & Co.,

Agents. Hongkong, January 13, 1877.

FOR COOKTOWN, BRISBANE,

SYDNEY AND MELBOURNE. The Eastern and Australian Mail Steam Co.'s Steamer "SOMERSET"

will be despatched as above, from SINGAPORE, on or about the 4th February next. For Freight or Passage, apply to the Undersigned, who are prepared to grant through Bills of Lading.

GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co., Hongkong, January 10, 1877.

Sailing Vessels.

FOR TAKAO.

The German Schooner THOMSEN, Master, will be dethe 19th Instant, at Daylight, For Freight, apply to

MELCHERS & Co., Ag sts. Hongkong, January 16, 1877.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO. The A 1 American Bartius " ANTIOCH," THOSTAS MERBILL, Master, will load here for the above Port, and will have early

For Freight, apply to

RUSSELL & Co. Hongkong, January 8, 1877.

FOR NEW YORK. The A 1 British Clipper Barque "UNANIMA." CAIN, Master, will load here and at Whatipoa for the above Port, and meet with early despatch.

For Freight, apply to RUSSELL & Co.

Hongkong, January 8, 1877.

Shipping.

Sailing Vessels.

FOR LONDON. (If sufficient Inducement offers.) The 3/3 L. 1. 1. Russian Ship "VANADIS,"
WERLAND, Master, will load

here and have quick despatch as above. For Freight, Sugar or Measurement, VOGEL, HAGEDORN & Co. Hongkong, January 6, 1877.

FOR NEW YORK. The A 1 American Ship CREELMAN, Master, will load here and will have quick des patch as above. For Freight, apply to

VOGEL, HAGEDORN & Co. Hongkong, January 2, 1877. FOR HAMBURG. The A 1 Danish Bark "FANO,"
Captain Norey, will load here

and at Whampos, and will have quick despatch. For Freight, apply to VOGEL, HAGEDORN & Co. Hongkong, December 2, 1876.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO. The A 1 British Bark G. HARRISON, Master, will have quick despatch as above For Freight, apply to VOGEL, HAGEDORN & Co.

Hongkong, November 25, 1876. FOR NEW YORK. The A 1 British Bark

will load here for the above despatch. For Freight, apply to

VOGEL, HAGEDORN & Co.

Hongkong, November 18, 1876. FOR LONDON. The A 1 British Ship

"ENGLAND'S GLORY," Knight, Master, will load here and have quick despatch,

For Freight, apply to MEYER & Co. Hongkong, January 2, 1877.

FOR MANILA. The Spanish Brig "BAN LORENZO," Pico, Master, will have quick despatch for the above Port.

For Freight or Passage, apply to REMEDIOS & Co. Hongkong, January 4, 1877.

Notices to Consignees

B. B. ESMERALDA, FROM MANILA.

CONSIGNEES of Cargo per above Steamer are hereby requested to take immediate delivery of their, Goods from Ship's side. Cargo impeding the discharge of the Vessel will be landed and stored by the

A: MASG, HEATON,

Hongkong, January 15, 1877,

Notices to Consignees.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGÈRIES

MARITIMES. 8. 8. AVA.

CONSIGNEES of Cargo per S. S.
"Gange," from London, in connection with the above Steamer, are hereby
informed that their Goods are being
landed and stored at their risk at the Company's Godowns, whense delivery may be obtained immediately after landing. Optional Cargo will be forwarded on, unless intimation is received from the Consignees, before 5 p.m. To-DAY, requesting it to be landed here.

Bills of Lading will be countersigned by the Undersigned. Goods remaining unclaimed after FRI DAY, the 19th January, at Noon, will be subject to rent and landing charges. No Fire Insurance has been effected.

H. DU POURY. Hongkong, January 11, 1877.

CASTLE LINE OF STEAMERS. BRAEMAR CASTLE, FROM LONDON AND SINGAPORE.

THIS Steamer having arrived, Consignees: of Cargo are hereby informed that their Goods are being landed, at their risk, into the Godowns of Mr A. McG. HEATON. whence delivery may be obtained. Consignees wishing to receive their

Goods on the Wharf are at liberty to Optional Cargo will be forwarded on unless notice to the contrary be given before 10 a.m. To-morrow. No Claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all Goods

remaining after the 23rd Instant will be

subject to rent. No Fire Insurance has been effected. Bills of Lading will be countersigned by ADAMSON, BELL & Co.,

Agents.

Hongkong, January 16, 1877. FROM LONDON, PENANG AND SINGAPORE.

THE S. S. Egeria, PAULSEN, Master. having arrived, Consignees of Cargo by her are hereby informed that their Goods are being landed and stored at their rick by the Undersigned into their Godowns, whence and from the Wharf or Boats delivery may be obtained.

Optional Cargo will be forwarded on, unless notice to the contrary is given before 10 a.m. To-morrow, the 17th Instant. Goods remaining undelivered after the 23rd Instant will be subject to rent. No Fire Insurance has been effected. Bills of Lading will be countersigned by

SIEMSSEN & Co., Agents. Hongkong, January 16, 1877.

GERMAN STEAMER CASSANDRA LANGER, Master, FROM HAMBURG via SINGAPORE. MONSIGNEES of Cargo by the above

Steamer are hereby informed that their Goods are being landed and stored at their risk in the Godowns of the Undersigned, from whence delivery may be Consignees wishing to take delivery of

Wharf are at liberty to do so. Goods remaining in store after the 24th Instant will be subject to rent. Optional Cargo will be forwarded unless notice to the contrary is given until Noon his Sales Rooms, Queen's Road,-

their Goods from the Boats alonguide the

WM. PUSTAU & Co., Agenits. Hongkong, January 17, 1877:

Auctions.

GENERAL WEEKLY SALE. ANE, CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction, in their Sale

Room, Praya Central, on

FRIDAY, the 19th January, 1877, at Noon,-Oilmans' Stores, Jams, Jellies, description, at purchaser's risk on the fall Raisins, &c.

and Spoons, Butter Dishes, Tea Sets, &c. Towels, Merino Socks, Black Writing Ink, Dawson's Boots and Shoes,

Sundry Household Furniture, Plano,

Marble-top Washstand, Cupboard, Chairs,

Wardrobes, Iron Bedsteads, &c., &c.

Electro-plated Table and Dessert Forks

A Grey PONY.

TERMS OF SALE -- Cash before delivery Undersigned at Consigness risk and ex- in Mexican Dollars, weighed at 7.1.7. The Lot or Lote, with all faults and errors of description, at purchaser's risk on the fall of the hammer. Hongkong, January 17, 1877.

Auctions.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

LAND, PROPERTY AND TIMBER

ANE, CRAWFORD & Co. have Public Auction, (unless previously disposed of by Private Sale) on the Premises

at Wanchai, on MONDAY.

the 22nd January, 1877, at Noon,-The following PIECES or PARCELS

GROUND, with the BUILDINGS erected thereon, belonging to

Mesers S. E. BURROWS & SONS. That PIECE or PARCEL of GROUND. Registered in the Land Office as MARINE LOT No. 107, adjoining the Police Station No. 2, at Wanchai, with the TWO First Class

GRANITE GODOWNS erected thereon, viz.:-GODOWN No. 43, fronting on the Praya 522 feet, by an average of 78 feet Deep. Capacity about 1,300 Tons. Crown Rent, \$51 per

GODOWN No. 44, adjoining above Two Stories, also fronting on the Praya 521 feet, by an average of 97 feet Deep. Capacity about 3,000 Tons. Crown Rent, \$69 per

Annum. Each Godown, with the Land on which it is erected, will be put up separately.

SECOND. That PIECE or PARCEL of GROUND. Registered in the Land Office as MARINE LOT No. 121, at Wanchai, and formerly known as THE HONG-KONG AND WHAMPOA DOCK COM-PANY'S YARD, fronting on the Praya 100 feet, by an average of 144 feet deep, containing 14,400 square feet.

Crown Rent, \$180 per Annum. THIRD. About 86,000 Superficial feet of ORE-GON PINE LUMBER, 2, 8 and 4 inches, in Lots to suit Purchasers.

Sundry Lots of TEAK and SINGA-PORE TIMBER, SHIP'S KNEES, WINCHES, BLOCKS, OLD IRON, SCALES.

TERMS OF SALE :--The LAND and GODOWNS .- One-half of the Purchase Money to be paid on the fall of the hammer, and the balance; on completion of the Deed of Transfer. the expenses of which to be paid by the Purchaser. The Property to be at Purchaser's risk on the fall of the hammer. The TIMBER and MOVEABLE LOTS .--

all faults and errors of description, at Purchasers' risk on the fall of the hammer. For further Particulars, apply to

Cash before delivery in Mexican Dol-

lars, weighed at 7.1.7. All lots, with

Auctioneere. Hongkong, January 8, 1877. PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned has received instruc-

tions to sell by Public Auction, on

LANE, CRAWFORD & Co.,

MONDAY the 22nd January, 1877, at 2 p.m., at A Selection of BOOKS, Bills of Lading will be countersigned by Comprising the Library of a Gentleman

> Catalogues will be issued. AFTER WHICH For account of the concerned. S 26 cases Norwegian Brandy. B&C (in double triangle) 9 cases Nor. wegian BRANDY.

leaving the Colony

64 cases Swedish Purce. St. Julien CLARET. Prugnac SAUTEHNE. Cautenas CLARET. TERMS OF SALE.—Cash before delivery

in Mexican Dollars weighed at 7. 1. 7. All Lots, with all faults and errors of of the hammer.

Auctioneer. Hongkong, January 18, 1877. ja22

J. M. ARMSTRONG.

MACAO HOTEL, PRAYA-GRANDE, MACAO.

N the 20th Instant, a First Cints - HOTEL will be OPENED, under the above title, in Spacious, Commodicite, and well-furnished Premises on the Prays

Every attention will be paid to the comfort of Visitors. · Wines, Spirits and Estables of the best quality only supplied. Terms moderate. J. P. DE CAMPOS.

Propristor,

ONGKONG, CANTON, AND MACAO STEAMBOAT COMPANY.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

LIMITED.

MHE Twenty-first Ordinary Half-yearly MEETING of SHAREHOLDERS in the Company will be held at the CITY HALL. Victoria, Hongkong, on THURSDAY, the 25th January instant, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose of receiving a Report of the Directors, together with a Statement of the Accounts, and electing,

By Order of the Board of Directors, P. A. DA COSTA. Secretary. Hongkong, January 2, 1877.

HONGKONG, CANTON, AND MACAO STEAMBOAT COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE.

THE Transfer BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 11th to the 25th Instant, both days incluve. By Order of the Board of Directors,

P. A. DA COSTA, Secretary. Hongkong, January 2, 1877.

MOLIOE,

N and after the 15th of January. my Charge for Brokerage on all SHARES. will be HALF PER CENT on the Full Amount, to be Paid by the Seller only. W. M. MORGAN.

Hongkong, January 13, 1877.

To-day's Advertisements.

FOR SHANGHAL The Steamship .

P. H. HENNINGS, Master, will be despatched for the above Port on SATURDAY, the 20th Instant, at 4 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to

SIEMSSEN & Co.

Hongkong, January 18, 1877.

FOR HOIHOW. The Steamship

"OLYMPIA, NAGEL, Master, will be despatched for the above Port on SATURDAY, the 20th Instant, at 4 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to SIEMSSEN & Co.

Hongkong, January 10, 1877.

FOR NEW YORK. The A 1 American Bark "CEYLON." KELLY, Master, will load here

and at Whampon for the above Port, and will have quick despatch. For Freight, apply to

RUSSELL & Co. Hongkong, January 18, 1877.

FROM LONDON AND SINGAPORE.

THE S. S. Glenroy having arrived from the above Ports, Consignees of Cargo are hereby informed that their Goods are being landed at their risk by the Undersigned, into their Godowns, whence and or from the Wharf or Boats delivery may be June 9, Aurora, from Richmond, U.S. to obtained.

Optional Cargo will be sent on Shanghai, unless notice to the contrary is | Sept. 1, Bertha, from Hamburg to Honggiven before 4 p.m. To-day. Goods remaining in Godown after the Sept. 8, McNear, from Cardiff to Hong-25th Instant will be subject to rent.

Bills of Lading will be countersigned by the Undersigned. No Fire Insurance has been effected. JARDINE, MATHESON & Co.,

Agents S. S. Glenroy. Hongkong, January 18, 1877.

PUBLIC AUCTION,

THE Undersigned has received instructions from H. M. Naval Storekeeper, to sell by Public Auction, on

WEDNESDAY, the S1st January, 1877, at 11 o'clock

a.m., at H. M. NAVAL YARD,-SUNDRY NAVAL and VICTUAL. LING STORES, comprising: Old Iron, Lignum-vitæ, Woollen Rage, Old Carpet, Offal Wood, Old Casks and Cases, Biscuit and Biscuit Dust, Chocolate, Flour Biscuit Bags, Blue Cloth, Blue Serge Stockings, Shirts, Handkerchiefs, Imple-

ments, do., do., do. TERMS OF SALE. -- Cash before delivery in Mexican Dollars weighed at 7,1.7. All Lots, with all faults and errors of description, at purchasers' risk on the fall of the hammer.

J. M. ARMSTRONG.

Government Auctioneer. Hongkong, January 18, 1877. ja31

Not Responsible for Debts.

Jeither the Captain, the Agento, no Owners will be Responsible for any Debt contracted by the Officers or Crew of the following Vessels, during their stay in Hongkong Harbour:---

VESTA, German barque, Capt. R. Dirks, -Melchers & Co. MADAME DEMOREST, British barque,

Captain C. H. Bessit, -Gibb, Livingston & Uor . St. BEETHOVER, German barque, Captain R, Haje. - Melchers & Co.

BRIDGETOWN, British barque, Captain E. W. Crisp.—Arnhold, Karberg & Co. Fiving Ctoub, British barque, Captain

H. Williams. - Turner & Co. IRENE, German schooner, Captain O Hansen, - Carlowitz & Co.

HANTS COUNTY, British barque, Captain G. W. Cochran - Meyer & Co.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS. Jan. 18, Swinger, British gun-vessel, 408

Lieut, com. E. A. Bolitho, Shanghai Jan. Jan. 18, China, from Canton. Jan. 18, Glenroy, British steamer, 1373

A. H. Taylor, London Nov. 25, via porte of call, and Singapore Jan. 9, General. JABDINE, MATHESON & Co. Jan. 18, Olympia, German steamer, 777 F. Nagel, Swatow Jan. 17, General -

DEPARTURES.

Jan. 18. Nicolino, for Falmouth. 18, Christian, for Whampon 18, Conquest, for Hoihow. 18, Salvadora, for Manila. 18, Geelong, for Europe, &c. 18, Egeria, for Yokohama, &c.

SIEMSSEN & Co.

18, Arratoon Apear, for Singapore, For SWATOW .-Penang, and Calcutta. 18, Penguin, for Singapore, Penang, and Calcutta. 18. Esmeralda, for Manila.

OLEARED.

Dorothea, for Cebu. August, Ger. brig, for Singapore. Dawibs, for Bangkok. Killarney, for Guam. Madame Demorest, for New York.

PASSENGERS.

ARRIVED. Per Glenroy, from London, &c., Mesara A. McGregor, Robertson (of Dundee), A. For COOKTOWN. L. Emanuel (of Portsea), R. W. Maxwell, C. E. Hays, and D. Galbraith, Miss C. McGregor, Miss Wilson, and 32 Ohlnese

Per Olympia; from Swatow, 24 Ohinese.

DEPARTED. Per Geelong, for Southampton, Mrs Equier; for Calcutta, Messra Whiteley and Wetmore. -- From Shanghai: for Southampton, Mr E. Frith; for Brindisi, Mr W. Bruegmann, Rt. Revd. Bishop Marvin and Revd. E. Hendrix,-From Yokohama for Malta, Mr Hunter.

Per Arratoon Apoar, for Singapore, &c., Mrs Felmon, Messra R. S. Woonwalls, Horsfall, Wight, E. A. Hardoon, and J. E. Hawes, 500 Chinese and 28 Indians. Per Esmeralda, for Manila, Measure Tucker and McPherson, and 8

Per Salvadora, for Manila, 8 Cabin and Per Conquest, for Hollow, 1 European and 70 Chinese. Per Penguin, for Singapore, &c., 502

TO DEPART. Per Danubs, for Bangkok, 2 Europeans, and 154 Chinese. Per Madame Demorest, for New York, 1 European.

SHIPPING REPORTS.

The British gun vessel Swinger reports Left Shanghai on Friday, the 12th inst, Had a fine fair wind until Tuesday morning, when it dropped, and finally we had to steam. Passed French-Mail steamer on Monday at 2.30 p.m., and Pacific Mail

steamer on Tuesday at noon. The British steamer Glenroy reports From Singapore strong monsoon and high sea throughout.

The German steamer Olympia reports: Had fresh E. N. E. winds to port.

Shipping Intelligence. HOME SHIPPING.

The following is taken from the latest London Papers :---

DEPARTURES.

Hongkong.

Sept. 14, Tyburnia, from London to Hong- 2.30 P.M. Post-Office closes.

Sept. 16, Sarah Nicholson, from London to

Sept. 16, Western Belle, from Cardiff to

Sept. 17, Palestine, from London to Hong-Sept. 18, A. T. Stalknechdt, from Cardift

to Hongkong, Sept. 28, Agnes Muir, from London to

Oct. 3, Belle of Oregon, from Cardiff to Oct. 5, Wegs, from Hamburg to Chefoo.

Oct. 8, Glamorganshire, from London to Hongkong.

Oct. 12, Omba, from London to Shanghai. Oct. 14, Sir Harry Parkes, from London to Hongkong.

Nov. 12, Lima, from London to Hongkong. Nov. 13, Rurik, from Cardiff to Hongkong, Nov. 16, Hydra, from Cardiff to Hongkong.

Nov. 16, Benarty (str.), from Glasgow to China and Japan, via London, Nov. 17, Eliza Shaw, from London to

Shanghal, Nov. 21, America, from Cardiff to Hong-

Nov. 25, Glenroy (etr.), from London to Nov. 28, Achilles (str.), from Liverpool to Shanghal.

Nov. 28, Western Chief, from London to Hongkong, Nov. 28, Madura, from Cardiff to Hong-

Nov. 28, Hannah Law, from Cardiff to Nov. 28, New Era, from Cardiff to Hong-

LOADING FOR CHINA AND FAVAN PORTE, At London.—Steamers via Susa Canal. Benarty, Galley of Lorne.

Macgregor Cairnsmuir, Cyphrenes. Sailing Vessels. Albert Victor. Carricks

C. R. Bishop Chineman. At Liverytool.

At Glasgow. Leudeun Castle (str.)

CARGO.

Per S. S. City of Tokio, salled 15th Jan., 1877 :- For Yokohama, 40 cases Castor Oil, 70 pleces Hardwood, 365 bags Sugar, 190 pkgs. Iron, and 211 pkgs. Merchandise. For Hiogo, 2 pkgs. Merchandise. For San Francisco, 1,288 bags Sugar, 43,739 bags Rice, 606 bags Beans, 2,022 bags Coffee, 112 bags Black Pepper, 92 bags Tapioca, 50 slabs Tin, 5 chests Persian Opium, 53 boxes Prepared Opium, 3,105 pkgs. Merchandise, and 172 pkgs. Tea. For Libertad, 2 cases Flors Silk. For San Joze de Guatemala, 10 cases Silka, For Callao, 16 boxes Silks, 24 boxes Malwa Opium, and 1 box Merchandise. For New York, 238 bales and 38 cases Silks, 76 pkgs. | Merchandise, 16 pkgs. Fans, and 13 pkgs. Tea.

POST OFFICE NOTIFICATIONS MAILS will close :-

Per ESTEPONA, at 11.30 a.m., Tomorrow, the 19th inst.

For BAIGON,-Per NORDEN, at 8.30 p.m., on Friday, the 19th inst.

Per Barque DOROTHEA, at 5 p.m. Tomorrow, the 19th inst. For SHANGHAL ._ Per OHINA, at 3.30 p.m., on Saturday,

For CEBU.-

the 20th inst. For HOIHOW .-Per OLYMPIA, at 3.30 p.m., on Saturday, the 20th inst.

Per THALES, at 1.30 p.m., at Monday, the 22nd inst. Mails will also be made up for E. Australia, Tasmania and New Zealand, 8 cent rates. For SINGAPORE, PENANG & LON

DON. Per ALTONA, at 11.30 a.m., on Tuesday, the 23rd inst.

MAILS BY THE PREMOR PACKET,-

The French Contract Packet MEIKONG will be despatched on THURS DAY, the 26th Instant, with Malia to and through the United Kingdom and Europe, vid Marseilles to Salgon, Singapore, Batavia, Galle, Australia, New Zealand, Tasmania Fiji, Aden, Seychelles, Réunion, Mauritius, Suez, and Alexandria.

Letters may also be forwarded to India by this Packet, but can be paid only as far as Ceylon. The postage to Ceylon must be prepaid. Such letters should be marked Faid to Galle only they will go on from Galle as unpaid. The following will be the hours of closing the Mails, do. :-

Wednesday, 24th Inst .-5 P.M., Money Order Office closes. Post Office closes except the Night Box, which remains open all night. Thursday, 25th Inst,-

A.M., Post Office opens for sale of Stamps, Registry of Letters, and Posting of all correspondence.

10 A.M., Registry of Letters ceases. 11 A.M., Post Office closes except for Late

addressed to the United Kingdom, Saigon, or Singapore may be posted on payment of a Late Fee of 18 cents extra postage, until 11.30 A.M., when the Post Office CLOSES

ontirely. Hongkong, January 11, 1877.

THE S. S. GAELIC, will be despatched on THURSDAY, the 1st February, with Mails for Japan, San Francisco, the United States and London, which will be closed as follows;-

2 P. M. Registry of Letters ceases,

2.80 P.M. Correspondence may be posted Fee of 12 cents extra Postage

2.50 P.M. when the Mail is finally closed. Correspondence must be specially directed for this route, and if not fully prepaid will be sent by British Packet.

Letters, &c. can be posted for Canada, the West Indies, and other places named below, if sufficient American Stamps are added to prepay them from San Francisco to destination. American Stamps are sold at this Office.

General Post Office, Hongkong, January 16, 1877.

General Memoranda.

SATURDAY, January 20:of p.m. - China leaves for Shanghat.

o p.m. - Olympia leaves for Hothow. Monday, January 22:-Noon, -Sale of Ground, Timber, &c., at Wanchal

2 p.m -Sale of Books and Spirits, at Me J. M. Armstrong's Sale Room, 2 p.m .- Thales leaves for Cooktown. 9 p.m.-Meeting of Victoria Lodge.

TUESDAY, January 23:-

Noon. - Altona leaves for London. Goods per Brusmar Castle undelivered after this date subject to rent. Goods per Egeria undelivered after this date subject to rent.

WEDNESDAY, January 24:-Goods per Cassandra undelivered after this date subject to rent.

THUBSDAY, January 251001 2 p.m. - Meeting of Shareholders of the H., C. & M. Steambost Co., Limited, at Oity Hall

Goods per Glanroy undelivered after this date subject to rent. WEDNESDAY, January 81:-11 a.m. Sale of Sundries at Govt. Store.

THUBSDAY, February 1 :--8 p. in. - Occidental & Oriental S. S. Co. Steamor Ibayes for Yokohama and Spn Francisco.

TRUBBLY, Pebritary 18:--3 p.m .- American Mail leaves for Yok? • hama and San Francisco.

MEMOS. FOR TO-MORROW.

Shipping. Daylight, Leonar leaves for Swatow, Amoy, Tamsui and Taiwanfoo. Daylight. - Augusto Reimers leaves for

Goods per Ava undelivered after Noon, subject to rent and landing charges.

Auction.

Noon. -General Weekly Sale by Messra Lane, Crawford & Co.

HONGKONG DISPENSARY. Established A.D. 1841.

A. S. WATSON & Co., FAMILY & DISPENSING CHEMISTS. WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DRUGGISTS, IMPORTERS

DEUGGISTS' SUNDRIES, NURSERY REQUI-SITES, TOILET REQUISITES, ENGLISH, AMBRICAN, AND FRENCH PATENT MEDICINES.

Soda Water, Lemonade, Tonic Water, Gingerade, Potass Water, Sarsaparilla Water, and other Aerated Waters.

MANUFACTURERS

The Manufactory is under direct and continuous European Supervision. Hongkong, June 1, 1876.

The publication of this facus commence at 7.40 p.m.

THE CHINA MAIL.

HONGKONG, THURSDAY, JAN. 18, 1877.

Now and then, we might almost say at regular intervals, a case at the Police Court, the publication of a letter in the newspapers, or some other incident of the kind, directs public attention to the fact that the safeguards against the appearance of diseased meat on our tables are by no means of an impregnable character. Within the last week or two we have had two cases, one of diseased meat and the other of diseased animals. at the Police Court, In the case a native was convicted fined ten dollars for exposing meat, unfit for human food, for sale at Hung-ham. the animal from which the meat was taken had been suffering from pleuropneumonia, or foot and mouth disease, and the case is rendered all the more alarming by the fact that defendant admitted the animal had been surrepti- frequent in the future. tiously and improperly killed by being (11.10 A.M., Letters (but Letters only) brained with a hoe. In the second case three natives were convicted of discharging diseased bullocks from a cargo-boat near the Sailors' Home after gunfire, The evidence given by the Colonial Surgeon was that the whole of the animals-there were five-were more ja25 or less diseased, and one was in a dying condition. In addition to these cases we invite attention to the letter of correspondent published in another lumu. The facts mentioned there scarcely calculated to increase confidence

in our meat supply. There are, we should imagine, few places in which regulations in regard to the supply of meat are more needed than in Hongkong, and few places in which on board the Packet with Late they could be more readily applied. Here our meat supply is in the hands of a people who can gormandize food that would turn the stomach of the Englishman, and whose readiness to trick the "barbarian" is only limited by the opportunity. Then again, people at home, if they do not buy their meat themselves, have far greater opportunities than we posses in this Colony, of seeing what is pur chased; indeed the butcher himself in England is almost a sufficient guarantee for the quality of the meat. In an island like this, with its slaughter-houses and markets already established, there ought to be little difficulty in providing and maintaining proper and effective safeguards against diseased meat. Heavy penalties should be inflicted on persons for slaughtering animals at other places than the recognised slaughter-houses, which should be under the active supervision of a duly qualified Inspector. During the prevalence of disease at least no animal brought from the mainland should be allowed to be slaughtered until say soven days after its arrival here, which would give any disease with which it might be affected ample time to develop itself. This latter provision is mainly suggested because we have it on pretty good authority that no sooner is an animal on mainland found to be diseased-and probably the Chinese can detect pleuropneumonia and the other diseases affecting cattle as quickly as anybody—than it is at once despatched for consumption to Hongkong. These seven days' probation would perhaps necessitate the erection of cattle sheds, and the making of other arrangements for keeping the animals here but there are some very special grounds, apart from those we have been indicating, why cattle sheds should be provided in the Island,

all the more important when it is considered that while the law punishes those allows to go free those who send there poor, thin, meat from animals that have been suffering from colds and exposure to the wind and rain. If meat is diseased and unfit for human consumption then woo betides the man who sends it issue. to market; but it may be very thin and ties and come from animals suffering from colds and exposure and so on, and yet the law does not forbid the dealer supplying it for consumption in our homes. The only remedy seems to be to erect cattle sheds and compel the cattlemen to use them, and they might be called upon to pay, in the shape of rent, the cost of building the sheds and their maintenance. No great reform can be expected of the cattle-men themselves. If we understood rightly they merely, in a general way, take charge of the animals in the island on commission for the owners who reside on the mainland, and it is not therefore to their interests to take any special means for keeping up the condition of the beasts. There is one objection to these sheds that has some weight but still by no means sufficient to lead to the rejection of the system, that the collecting of the animals in the sheds, or using the same lairs as others may tend to disseminate the germs of disease among healthy animals. Cattle sheds and lairs, however, are common enough all over England, and the objec-

Road," and he alleged that during the

two months, a large herd had been

tethered night and day on the spot. In

some medical evidence given about the

same time at the Police Court it was

also stated that the nutritive qualities of

the meat were much deteriorated by such

exposure, and that many animals must

have been affected with colds and other

complaints by it. This matter becomes

thrown to the winds by a practical man

tion is one that would be very soon

A MAIDEN SESSION. In the Supreme Court to-day, the Crimina Sessions were formally opened, but there being no cases to be tried, the Sheriff, Mr M. S. Tonnochy, presented a pair of white gloves, enclosed in a neatly carved casket, to his Lordship the Chief Justice, Sir John Smale. In doing so, he said! I have much pleasure in presenting your Lordship with a pair of white gloves in commemoration of this Maiden Session. Your Lordship will agree with me that it is a matter of congratulation that we are en-There was every reason to believe that joying immunity from crimes of a serious nature at a season when they are generally more than usually prevalent. The year and our new learned Attorney General have both begun well, and I trust for the welfare of this Colony that opportunities for a ceremony like the present may be more

The Ohlef Justice then said :- I receive

with much satisfaction the pair of gloves

which you have had the goodness to

present to me-white, the emblem of

session free from the narrative of crime. This is only the second time since, in 1866, I first presided in this Court. We must all earnestly hope that there may be here- positions on Thursday, the 18th instant. after many such. A week or even ten days was, when I first came to this Colony, not an uncommon length of each session—that a monthly session now exceeds two days is I believe rather the exception than the rule. In some years after I came to this Colony the number of capital punishments here was half that of the number of executions in all England. I speak from comparing statistics; on one occasion I believe at the least eight criminals were executed at one time. Now capital punishments are very rare, not because the law is less stern, but because seriods orime has so wonderfully decreased in this Colony-a Colony more exposed to receiving the worst characters than any Colony I know, owing to our proximity to China. I have just before I came into this Court, looked into the statistics, and I draw from them the facts that in 1866 there were 884 persons convicted of highway robbery, last year 24 only; then in the year 1866, there were 24 murders, and in 1876 only 8 1 is 1865 there were 26 piracies, in 1876 there were 5 only. The difficulty of repressing crime is greatly increased by the fact that its operation is regulated by law, -law that secures the utmost liberty to all unproved offenders. I must admit that as to much petty crime, this has increased slightly owing to obvious causes, but this Court has been most properly relieved from trials relating to it by the transferonce of such cases to the Magistrates' court but I am bound to say that crime has been brought, as it were, under control ; whilet man is what he is, it cannot be eradicated. Very much of the credit for this is due to way to which peaceable inhabitants are exnow, and I must congratulate Mr Deane. the Capt, Superintendent, and Mr Oreagh, pleasure that I point to the fact that, whereas life and property were open to frequent attack when H. E. the Governor arrived, he will leave the Colony, though less opuleat than he found it, far more free

Mr Phillippo, the new Attorney General), I in three years from the date of the lean have to congratulate you on commencing being granted the margin had increased your work-your criminal work-in so satisfactory a way, that is to say, in having swered, when I referred to these points. "but nothing to do. You will not always have that freedom, you will have an arduous Some time ago there was quite an labour, but I hope you will assist the Court agitation in the Colony in regard to the in putting down crime.

The Hon. Mr Phillippo! I am exceedtreatment of cattle here after their arriingly glad to flad that it is so, and I only hope that it is a good omen for the val from the mainland. A correspondent to this paper drew attention to

"the shameful manner in which the cat-The Acting Registrar, Mr Huffam tle, from whence our daily supplies are Gentlemen of the Common Jury summoned drawn, are exposed in all weathers on for this session, your services are not the hill side, porth of the Poktoolum required:

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

incessant rains that had fallen for Tem Amazone, with the outward French Mails, left Singapore yesterday (Wednesday)

WE very much regret to learn that Sir Brooke Robertson, H. B. M.'s Consul at Canton, has been dangerously ill, and that his numerous friends have lately been somewhat anxious concerning him. The news who send diseased meat to market, it regarding his health received last evening, however, was more reassuring; he had taken a decided turn for the better, and his medical attendants were much more hopeful than they had been of a favourable

very poor, have lost its nutritive quali- RETURN of Visitors to the City Hall Library and Museum for the week ending January

17th, 1877:-		MOOR CHANDS COUNTY		
	Enrope	an. Chinese		
Thursday, Jan. 11tl	30	516		
Briday, 12th	27	608		
Saturday, 18tl	a. 32	885		
Sunday, 14th	1, 87	Sunday		
Monday, 15tl	4B	549		
Tuesday. 16tl	. 56	703		
Wednesday, 17th	1, 42	628		
A company of the comp				

Grand total, 3,656.

A STATEMENT has been made by a Northern contemporary that the steamer Calabar had been bought by the China Merchants, Steam Navigation Company for the sum of . \$80,000, and was to be sent to Ichang as a hulk. Though the report bears absurdity on the face of it, and may do little or no harm to those concerned, still its circulation does not tend to do any good to Captain Hutchison, who is the well-known and popular commander and owner of the steamer. We believe that the vessel has been temporarily placed into the hands of the C. M. S. Co., and will fly the Co.'s flag until, by arrangement, her ownership shall be resumed. She will trade on the Coast as formerly, and we trust that she will do much good and profitable running

REUTER'S TELEGRAMS. [SUPPLIED TO THE "CHINA MAIL."]

ere she be laid up as a hulk at Ishang or

anywhere else.

London, January 16th, 1877. The Turks still persist in rejecting the proposition put forward by the Great Powers, and the latter are virtually abandoning their demands: Lord Salisbury only insisting that the appointments of Governors of Provinces should be subject to the approval of the Powers for the next five years. He also advocates the appointment of a mixed European and Ottoman Commission, in the place of the International Commission already proposed.

The Porte will reply finally to these pro-

THE PROPOSED BUILDING

The S. S. Ava has arrived at Shanghai.

SOCIETY. This evening the adjourned meeting to consider the advisability and practicability of establishing a Building Society on principles similar to those in practice in England and other countries, was held in the Hongkong Hotel. Mr Wilson again occupied the chair, and there were about twenty other persons present, including several Chinese.

The Chairman briefly stated the circumstances under which the meeting was called, and in conclusion said that his own experience and enquiry certainly seemed to indicate that the Chinese would come forward and give their support, providing support was accorded from other directions. Mr D. Welsh said :- At our last Meeting

entered at considerable length into details

of the practical working of such a Society as we propose to establish. It had not then struck me, but it has since occurred to my mind that I might have pointed out that although a member when joining the Society has no capital at all wherewith he can pay the police; it must be admitted, I fear, to the margin of 25 per cent, upon the security be the largest in the world, in proportion required when he obtains a loan, yet that to its population, but when we compare | the monthly payments amount in the course our freedom from riot and crims with the of 8 years only to the margin required; so that whereas a member who has money posed in other colonies, we must thankfully when he joins the Society to pay for the say that it is a wise expenditure, prevention | margin obtains his house in 7 years, a membeing not only better for us but for erimi. ber who merely begins to save when he joins nals themselves than cure. This large the Society, requires ten years to effect his force was once far less efficient than it is object. The question has also been directly put to me, supposing a member pays in \$800. can he be called upon for more, to make good his deputy, on their success in making it deficiencies should they arise? At last so efficient as it now is. It is with aspecial meeting I showed how very remote were the chances of any such contingency in consequence of the profits of the Society not being divisible yearly, but only when the chares were realized, that is when they were worth \$600 by the accumulation of monthly payfrom crime. It does not become me sitting ments and compound interest; and also by the repayments of borrowers monthly steadily Now, Mr Attorney (addressing the Hon increasing the margin against loss so that from 75 to 50 per cent. "Oh yes;" I was an. supposing that all the securities taken by the Society fell to 28 per cent, of their original value, would I then be called upon for further payments in addition to my original \$600 P' You can judge for yourselves what chance there is of property in Hongkong universally going down 75 per centi just as well as I can do, and you are equally capa-ble on that ground of estimating whother you are likely to be called upon for more money. None of us on the spur of the moment colling policies when the United

tion directly Yes or No, and if the question is carefully considered it will be found that there are so many points requiring attention that it is scarcely possible to give a decided answer. The first question that has to be considered is, in what time is this depreciation in value to take place? Is it to happen in a week or in three years?

Society would lose 66 per cent of its advance | night of the 17th. The prisoners were all By the Rules that have been drafted, ordered to be cut up. no money is to be borrowed beyond 50 per cent of the value of the mortgages granted. I have calculated the question, and I find that if this rule of not borrowing more than 50 per cent. of the mortgages be strictly adhered to, there is no possibility whatever of any claim being made upon members beyoud their shares, even although the whole of the securities fell to 25 per cent. of the value attached to them when accepted by the Society, and the whole of the borrowers became defaulters. This statement applies to the first year of the Society when the danger would be the greatest. As year by year went on, as I have already pointed out, the repayments by borrowers would increase the margin against loss, so that at the end of three years as far as the Society was concerned a number of its mortgages would show a depreciation of only 25 per cent. and at the end of six years a number would realize more than the balance due to the Society. The whole of these calculations are based upon the supposition that the whole of the borrowers became defaulters and the whole of the securities fell to 25 per cent. of their original value—a state of matters which it is impossible to conceive. calculations are also based upon the supposition that the depreciation on value was instantaneous, whereas all experience proves that depreciation is gradual, so that although the old mortgages did show a depreciation of 75 per cent., partly however covered by repayments, the new mortgages having only been granted at a reduced value would not show such a fall. At our previous meeting the opinion seemed pretty general that if the Chiness supported the Society its success was asone interested to ascertain the feeling of the (Before His Lordship Chief Justice Bir Chinese, and we shall be glad to hear what is the result of any enquiries that have been made. For myself every Chinaman without exception with whom I have spoken on the subject, as soon as he fairly understood the Browne & Another v. Alabor & Another, working of the Society, at once expressed his opinion in its favour, and I am very confident that we shall have the support of the

Mr G. Sharp said that for his own part he was not confident that the Society would work. It was exceedingly ingenious, but in this country they found that they could not ! bring to bear European principles. As a Attorney General. He deposed as follows:-rule the area is too small; the community their own fashion, and in a way which is purchases) natisfactory to the people; in fact, the very risks they run in lending their money seem to lend charms to the proceedings.

Native Community.

with a fair prospect of success. Had Mr | ed that it was necessary to pay bargain | should be American and of such a tonnage Sharp calculated the matter out, and did money on the contracts. If the Japanese and class as necessitated the expenditure he think 200 would do, or otherwise?

David Welsh's figures; in fact, I think transactions. He did not know of any one a source of revenue to the Government, Mr Welsh's giving his guarantee to the who could speak to the custom in Japan in but on the contrary one of great expense. calculations is a proof of their bond fides reference to rice purchases. This was the For three cents a letter is carried to every and correctness. If 200 shares are taken first transaction his firm had had in rice. part of that wast extent of territory—from I think it would be a justification of the This was the first time they had to look after New York to San Francisco, from Mada-Society's being established, or a strong a purchase of rice. He did not know of any wasks to the Rio Grande. Along the fronovidence in that direction;

quite true in many respects—the Chinese upon the Japanese as responsible for the miles in the wilderness, and wherever west their small sums, secured in the man- double bags which were 11 cents per picul nor proposed. The only questions were- without the labour of bagging. inspired confidence, he was sure that not only 200 shares, but treble that number.

would be taken. of interest Mr Sharp has quoted, since the last meeting I have made some enquiries about Chinese Loan Societies, and I find that ten per cent per annum is the marimum that they lay themselves out to re-

The Chairman; Both Chinese and Poztuguese will, I presume, be represented on

Mr Welsh ! That is the intention. whole of the money will also, I may add, be laid out on mortgages of property-the whole of it; there is no trading or speculation whatever.

Mr Coughtrie proposed that Meanrs G. ness to transact between 10 and 11. visional Committee to investigate the continuously from 11 to 4 or 5. chances of success of the proposed Society, and, if it is deemed advisable, to organise it. Mr J. A. Baretto seconded the motion,

which was carried nem con. The meeting then adjourned sins dis-

Police Intelligence. (Before the Hon. C. May.) January 18, 1877.

OLD OFFENDERS.

Chim Apo and two others were charged with stealing a large tarpaulin from a lighter The answer to that will make a material belonging to the Hongkong, Canton and difference, because in the one case the Macao Steamboat Company, during the and in the other only 33 per cent. Another identified as having been in gaol before. question is how many of the borrowers would . They were sent to six months' hard labour become defaulters under such an unpre- each and to give security in \$100 for cedented fall in value? The fewer de- twelve months, in default thereof to be faulters there were, the less chance of reported to the Governor with the view members being called upon for extra calls to their deportation. Further, they were there would be. There could be no calls if ordered to be kept in the stocks threeno money was borrowed, because the whole | times at the Canton steamer wharf for one of the losses would fall upon members hour each time, and the boat belonging to pro rata to the value of their shares. the defendant, which was unlicensed, was

PUGILISTIC FEATS.

Woo A Hi, described as a juggler, w. charged with assaulting a Chinaman. The defendant was practising his pugilistic art before a number of spectators at the Recreation Ground, Taipingshan, and found he was hemmed in by the crowd. He therefore swept round with his magical rod to enlarge his circle, but in doing so, he unfortunately hit one of the spectators, who had him arrested. The defendant ascribed this to a pure accident, and was fined \$1.

A LOST PASS.

Chun A Hing, a coolie, was charged with having in his possession a pass No. 1257, belonging to one Ng Kok Koo, which was reported as lost on 2nd November last, and a duplicate of which had been issued on the payment of \$1. Mr Souza, a clerk in the Police Office, proved the report of the loss of the night pass to the Police. The defendant said it was given him to get changed by the accountant of the Kwong Yuen Tai Hong.-The master of the Hong was called : he said his accountant Wong Akit sent him the pass to get changed. The man was absent in Canton, and enclosed the pass to the witness to get changed. The case was remanded for the accountant to be sent for.

SUPREME COURT.

IN ORIGINAL JURISDICTION. JOHN SMALE.) 18th January, 1877.

\$12,307.92.

The following are the Special Jurors :--Messrs A. Newton, H. Hoppius, H. Cops, H. L. Dalrymple, C. Kahn, T. G. Williamson and F. D. Sassoon.

Mr MacPherson was again put into the box and was cross-examined by the Acting The partners of the firm of Browne & Co. is too limited, and the basis upon which | are Mr Browne and Mr Goldsmith. I am the very principle of what we call insurance, employed in the general office work, somewhich is based upon the principles of aver- times in correspondence, shipping and other chtain a register or other papers. age-the very been of these principles fails work generally. I was acquainted with here because it is not broad enough. I am the correspondence between the plaintiffs industry, which was the prominent feature quite sure that a great many of the Portu- and defendants at the time. The corguese will be very happy to assist in the respondence between them was conducted tive) party has survived its decease and is thing—the great question is, whi they by Mr Browne, sometimes by Mr Goldsmith almost the only point with which the persevere. The Portuguese have, I believe, and sometimes by myself. I was not at Radicals have never dared to tamper. a Savings' Bank; they have as much as six Osaka all the time as I had occasionally to though in number, and I dare say in prime disease. Another fact I would bring to thousand dollars in it, but at the present go to Kobe to assist in the office, but not cost, the vessels taken from the parties enhas proved too strong for them. With re- this action had been sent long ago. I was the upper deck with heavy propelling ma- the above enterprising firm. Any action difficulty will be this—the Chinese can do in conducting this action, but I gave him as old metal. It was under these circum- more diseased stock from getting into the far better with their money than we can, what information I could. I recollect the stances of the condition of the merchant Colony may be the means of saving those Every boy and coolie who saves a dollar plaintiffs' counsel saying that the claim for fleet, and the general stagnation of trade cattle which up to the present are to all per month does not invest it at 7 per cent. bargain money would not have been made after the war, that it was impressed upon per annum but more likely 17 per cent. per had it not been for the treatment of Alabor Mr Lincoln's Administration the necessity month, and if my indefatigable and learned & Co., who refused to pay the bill of ex- that existed of doing something to aid the friend in figures, Mr Welsh, will show us change and to take part in the transaction only line of foreign-going American Steamhow we can beat that, I say hurral for the of the vegetable wax. I did not convey ships left, as well as to give some employ-Society. The rates of interest of the Chi- that instruction to the plaintiffs' counsel. nese are perfectly incredible. I know that The first transactions in rice was referred whom the mustering out of the army left 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 per cent. per month are to in the letter. (The witness was then without means of living. The support paid by the Chinese for loans. They are examined at some length on the corresponnot very well secured it is true, but still in | dence in regard to the orders for the rice

The Court then adjourned.

Mr Welsh said he had stated that 200 examination of the witness was continued. Pacific Mail was agreed to. One of the shares would enable the Society to start He was examined on the contracts and stat- most important was that the mail boats saked for bargain money, it must be paid, of several millions in their construction. Mr Granville sharp: I should not No European house would be trusted by The Post-office of the United States, unin any way attempt to disprove Mr the Rapanese for any time in any large like that of Great Britain, has never been custom as to who should bear the loss if | tiers, in the depths of the forests and out that what Mr Sharp had said was bargain money. Browne & Co. looked sprung up, though perhaps hundreds of

10 to 4 was as long a time as the capacity of a Judge and Jury could stand. If this was so in England, it was more so here. The Jury wished to know how long this

ospo was likely to last The Chief Justice said he did not know. The counsel could not say when the case would be finished either

The Jury wished to know approximately. They could not be told even approximately. The Jury asked that his Lordship would resume to-morrow at 11 a.m. instead of 10, as some of them had very important busi-His Lordship said then there should be

spack of sandwiches.

on till a little fator to day if they wished it. of the letters. They have no contribution

The Attorney General said that he felt somewhat tired, having stood up all day. Besides, if they adjourned now, he would perhaps be in a better position to shorten the case to-morrow.

The case was then adjourned till 11 a.m. to-morrow, with the understanding of an adjournment of half an hour at mid-day. The Chief Justice informed them that they must sit a full day on Saturday next also. The Court then rose.

CORRESPONDENCE.

PROPOSED SUBSIDY TO THE O. & O. S. S. Co.

To the Editor of the "CHINA MAIL," Hongkong, Jan. 18, 1877.

Sin, I was very much surprised at the

action taken by the parties to the memorial (in favor of subsidizing the Occidental Company) published in your paper of last evening. But I confess I should be very much more surprised if the Government of the United States should take any further notice of it than by returning a curt though courteous refusal. It is not, and never heavy. has been, the policy of the United States in general to grant monopolies or pay subsidies, in encouragement of private enterprise. In two cases only, of importance, has it varied this policy, and both of those under very exceptional circumstances; the extraordinary concessions given to the Pacific Railroad and the bonus for carrying letters paid to the Pacific Mail. Rather than compete with the opposite policy of the British and other European Govern- category would benefit this Colony to the ments, they have allowed their flag to extent of the amount we now pay them, as become almost extinct upon the Atlantic and the enormous trade between Europe friends for their pay for carrying while we and the Western Hemisphere to into foreign hands. At this day when steamers of the largest class leave some American port nearly every hour for the Eastward, with a single exception not one can be found bearing the American flag. A nort of a slokly effort was made at one time to maintain a line of Mail packets, and a small subsidy was parsimoniously doled out to the Collins and I believe the a heavy subsidy for no possible advantages Vanderbilt line to induce them to keep running, but the experiment failed and the of the Australian Mails is not a parupon American commerce by the piratical is an extra one and one for which they cruisers smuggled out of friendly ports by advertised for tenders, thereby implying the rebels, as well as the change of flag | that the tender embodying the most advanadopted by many owners as a protection | tages would have the preference, without ping of the United States to such a low | the price demanded for postage covers the States no vessel can fly the flag with all Occidental boats in tow. the privileges of an American ship unless she be built in the country, be a prizetaken in war, or have three-fourths of her value when completed expended on her at some American ship-yard or foundry. Citizens residing abroad who wish to purchase a foreign-built ship, may have the Bill of Sale attested by a Consul, to the effect that the parties named therein as purchasers are American citizens, and this market, and from what I have heard and will enable them to use the flag abroad, seen during the last ten days, I think and to trade in foreign countries, but such | increased attention ought to be given to ship can only go to the United States in | this subject by the Colonial authorities at

rendered it one of the most powerful that for many years had ruled the Republic. Yet in spite of this it was with great difficulty, and only when coupled with very When the case was resumed the cross- severe conditions, that the subsidy to the

Mr Chun Tai Kwong said he thought there was any loss on the payment of upon the prairies, wherever a township has invest money more profitably bargain money. No account of the bargain bridle-path exists, the mail-rider penetrates than Europeans, but still there was the money was rendered to the defendants | he often with a bag of half-a-dozen letters matter of security. He thought that this did not know how the account books were slung on his shoulder which he has carried Society, and he was speaking the opinion kept. The price of bags was 20 cents each with him for days to deliver. In some of many Chinese as well, would succeed for the 3,600 bags, but the plaintiffs charged places, where swamps prevent dominunicaespecially among the thriving class of the at the rate of 15 cents a picul of rice, tion in the summer, the mails only reach Chinese—those people who wanted to in- including labour of bagging. These were during the frosts when sledges enable the people. Some of these border mail conwhat security would they get for their At this stage, the time of adjournment tracts cost the department an average of money, and who was to be the manager of the formed the subject of some lively conver- one and even five dollars per letter; but His Lordship was quite prepared to sit scheme involving an increase of expenditure further on towards the night time, but he for the benefit of citizens abroad, must be Mr Coughtrie: With regard to the rates must say there was a limit to human capacity, able to show some features possessing con-Mr Justice Byles had said the sitting from siderable interest for the citizen at home, from whose pocket this increase of expenditure must eventually come. To tax the residents of the country for the benefit of a foreign line of steamers and the local government of a British dependency to withdraw from circulation at home a large amount of money to be carted away and spent in other countries for the very questionable benefit of encouraging trade in the East, which is in the bands almost entirely of Chinese and becoming more co every day; is a proposition so manifestly abourd, that I really wonder how even the shareholders of the Pacific Railroad who have these steamers under charter could Chairman, and Mr Welsh, do form a pro- no interval during the day. They must sit keep their countenances while signing this The Jury asked for an adjournment of Hongkong are the only ones who make half an bour during the day to have a anything out of this mail contract. They pocket the whole of the outward postage His Lordship sald he was prepared to go and have not a cent to pay for the carriage

to return, but enjoy the safest kind of establishments in Chinkiang, at Ying-shan, business,—to receive everything and pay Men-shan, Kio-hia, in order that the nothing. Unfortunately for the United refugees on their way from the north of the States they employed a foreigner, one of river may receive provisions as they pass their mail agents, to arrange the matter of through. Wei-yuens are now stationed in exchange between the two departments, mandarin boats at the side of the river, to here and at Washington. Col. Ourrie was examine the passenger-boats, and on the either not astute enough for our friend in | 23rd and 24th day of the eleventh moon the white choker, or played into his hands, gave away no less than eighteen thousand for he agreed that each side should collect eatties of biscuits .- Although the sun its own postages and distribute the other's warm this winter, yet the wind is very mails. That is, the United States should fairly cold. The people in the waste districts pay \$500,000 per year for carrying the are quacking like goese with hunger, an letters, have what they could get from the how are they ever to get through the next outward postage and distribute the Hongkong mails over their enormous country (in the manner I have described) for nothing. The Hongkong Post-office were to have all the rostage they could get for the mails to America, pay nothing for carrying them, and send a coolie to the Canton and Macao steamers with the letters for those two ports. The trade is an outward one principally, and the weight of mails is in favor of this end; invoices and other shipping documents are far in excess, and weigh

Now the great complaint is that the Occidental line cannot be compelled to carry letters from San Francisco for the ordinary ocean postage, but we manage things better here. The Post Office Ordinance compels all vessels not being mail packets, to take on board a mail from this port, and awards them one half of the postage money received. A subsidy that brought the Occidental Company into this exceptional we could turn them over to our Yankee pocket the postage. If they were only as smart in Washington as we are here, they would adopt the same measures in regard to British shipping in the States that we do with all American vessels in this Colony. compel them to carry a mail whether they like it or not, and give them half the proceeds for their trouble, a far wiser and more economical plan than paying that I can see, to the payers. The case boats were withdrawn. During the war allel one. Those Colonies have already of the Rebellion the ravages committed a subsidized Imperial mail via Suez. This against possible loss, had reduced the ship- regard to nationality. As I understand it, obb that some action upon the part of the expenditure. This is only a regular busi-Government became necessary to give it a ness transaction and bears no relation to helping hand. By the laws of the United | the one proposed by the parties having the

COMMON SENSE

INSPECTION WANTED. To the Editor of the "CHINA MAIL." Hongkong, Jan. 17, 1877.

Sir, -It is not many days since I saw in your Police reports, that a native had been fined for offering diseased meat in the ballast, or with passengers, and can never | the present time. Yesterday two oxen were seen being led to the slaughter along our This principle, of protection to native streets, and they could barely drag themselves along, whilst the state of their muzzle, indicated they were suffering from diseases; and this morning to the east of Whitfelld Police Station a cow was seen standing on the roadside, also in a state of

SIRLOIN.

Ohina.

YANGOHOW. the cry is still "they come," and their fiannel, which prevented stiffness. If this numbers are such that the wel-yuers and preparation was rubbed about the kned tung time wrote about the difficulty to the joints it prevented your taking cold or Che helen and the Ohe in paking them to having them matic pains. Mr Westen spoke

Messrs. Spencer and Wolff write on the

Oth January :- A period of three weeks

has elapsed since the date of our last rebut without altering in any material way the position of our market for Manchester goods. Prices have ruled irregular throughout, following in this the course of the Shanghai market, and rendering it impossible for us to give quotations. Taking into consideration the time of the year, and the impoverished state of the surrounding districts, through the failure of the never be able to resume the active editorrespectable, at least so far as medium to journal are consequently casting about to good 81-lbs. Grey Shirtings are concerned, find a successor. The post was offered, we but other weights and makes of this cloth, and all qualities and description of T-Cloths | easy and dignified position of a Civil Service and Drills, have been passed over for the Commissioner to the difficult and responsimost part by our dealers without eliciting ble duty of conducting the Times. Mr even a bid. Malwa Opium .- Our last Courtney, one of the most brilliant and holidays, reported a strong enquiry for new rate a fair business was done for some days. carcer, and is, perhaps, too closely identi-On the 30th ultimo, however, news reached fied with Liberal opinions to edit a journal of a decline in Shanghai, to which this which reserves to itself the right of being market responded as usual, the rate on that now and then Conservative in its views. day being Tls. 422/424 per picul, and on No successor has yet been appointed to Mr the 6th inst., a further fall took place, so Delane, but the practical duties of editing that at the time of writing we are unable to the paper are discharged, as they have been quote best new Malwa above Tls. 420/422 for some time, by Mr Stebbing. per picul. Stocks are very small, and as an active demand exists, prices are likely to be maintained unless a further decline takes place in Shanghai.

MR WESTON ON WALKING. Mr Weston, who was received with

applause, commenced by thanking Mr Sam

Hague, Mr Stringer, and other gentlemen

for their kindness to him during his stay

in Liverpool, after which he said there

could not be a more graceful attainment

then that we should be capable of using

our limbs advantageously. There was no exercise more dignified, and none less expensive or more conducive to health, than that of walking. If they asked why he contracted to walk 500 miles in six consecutive days, some would be ready at once to answer, "To make money." (Laughter.) Well, we were only mortals, and required food and clothing, and where they were to be had without money he had yet to learn. (Applause.) But his ambition was not wholly mercenary. What he desired to prove was that man was not the poor weak creature he was generally represented to be. He wished to show that he could accomplish feats requiring great strength and endurance, and yet not do violence to his physical constitution. was wonderfully made. Weakness was not one of the original components of his organisation; it was a foreign agent introduced and made respectable by that kind of culture which represented indolence. It was his ambition to make a perfect man time it is not found to work, the reason be- often. I was not sent down to Osaka to gaged in blockade, running equalled those Williams and Kennedy of the Hongkong feats to popularise walking as one of the ing that whereas they began to put their represent the firm. Neither of the partners destroyed by the pirates, yet they were Diary have died during the last ten most easy, graceful, and useful branches money carefully and economically by, the had come down. I brought a number of generally of a class unfitted for the usual days, and as no insurance of stock can be of athletics. After defending pedestrianism money carefully and economicany by, the nad come down. I organism temptation of the indulgences of this place documents with me, but the instructions for course of trade, and most of them, filled to effected out here the loss is very great to from attacks made upon it stigmatising it nas proved too strong for them. The idea grad to the Chinese I am afraid the great not exactly assisting the plaintiffs' counsel chinery, were sold for the value of the iron, taken by the authorities to prevent any that it never made a man'drunk. The idea mance was, he said, simply absurd. He should always be in training. Let him be a man and an honest citizen, and be careful of what he eats and when he eats it, and he can dispense with the nuisance of a trainer, and the rubbing down and thumping and rolling in bandages, and crackers steeped in wine or brandy. The only The Sinpao says :- The starving popula- difference he made from ordinary life was tion at Yangehow now amounts to about a that he avoided eating pastry and preserves; hundred thousand souls, and people are and as to a trainer, he never had one with coming in daily. The famine regulations the exception of a servant to take care of at this place are very complete; the man- his wardrobe and tie his shoes, and that for darins do not embezzle the money that is the simple reason that he was too lazy to provided, and the people do not grudge do it himself. He had been asked to show assistance. The higher and lower classes the boots which he wore when walking, and are entirely in accord, and consequently to describe the manner in which he took numbers of people are flocking thither. | care of himself. He exhibited the boots Every refugee receives, in pursuance of the | to the audience, remarking that the boots regulations, eight ko of rice per day and did the walking-his feet simply guided the eight cash worth of salt and vegetables; boots. The boots only fitted across the children receive half the amount. Every instep, and were three sizes larger than the QUICKSILVER, 681 a 69 fifth day a census is taken and distribution | shoes he usually wore when walking in the made. Medical attendance is provided for streets. The sole was composed of two the sick and medicine is dispensed; the thicknesses of leather running from the toe Bank, on demand, 4/8 dead are decently coffined and buried at the to the heel. That prevented it from public expense; and midwives are supplied giving, and the foot struck the ground flat, in cases of confinement. Cotton swaddling- You hardly used the feet except to preserve Credits, clothes are also served for the new-born your equilibrium—the hip guided the foot. Documentary, 6months' sight, ... 4/42 children. Two small dispensaries have In order that the feet did not become sore, Bombay, 228 Ch'un ti Sze (temple), and the other in the he placed them in a bath of sait and water, Shanghal, demand, 749 old city at the Mu-lan Yuen. There are composed of a cupful of Tidman's sea salt altogether four doctors, who go out and and about a gallon of water. The salt Bar Silver, 17, dwts. B., ... 8 visit the people every day, dividing the must be dissolved in hot water, and then it Mexicans, patients between them. Four large dis- must be allowed to cool, and the feet must Gold Lest, pensuries are established, namely, Yuen-chi be placed in it for from three to five English Sovereigns, Chang, Heich-mon Chang, San-chih Chang, minutes, and then thoroughly wiped, care Australian Sovereigns, ... and Sung-shou Tan; at each of which being taken to wipe dry between the toes Discount, 12 % places ten dispensers or assistants, are and under the knee joint After that, in stationed. No attention is paid as to order to harden them, bathe them with whether the medicines are cheap or dear | Balmoral or Irish whisky | and after the Hongkong Eank, 27_ so long as the prescriptions bear the boots are placed on the feet, pour about a H.K. Fire Ins. Co., 2575 signature of the doctor, they are imme- gill of whicky to the bottom of the feet by Ohina Fire Ins. Co., \$105 money, and who was to be the manager of the purpose. Ohing Traders' ins. Co., \$1800 | Boolety; if the security and the manager sation. The Jury wished to go on till a lift they cost a hundred, the people must diately made up: The doctors are also media of a furnel made for the purpose. Ohing Traders' ins. Co., \$1800 have their malls. Obviously then any authorised to prepare a very comforting This would keep the feet cool during the Union Inc. Society of Canton, \$620 sort of medicament known as Wen-wei Kao, day. Knitted woollen socks must be worn, for plasters, a mace weight of which is as they kept the feet from blistering. served out for each ticket that is presented. Should any blisters rise on the feet he Each man is provided with a ticket | forty immediately pushed a needle through them; thousand tickets have been issued for a and if it was done before the feet were put mace weight each; and sixty thousand for in salt and water they would see nothing half-a-mace. The amount of kao served more of the blister. He also exhibited a out to each applicant varies according to belt, about two inches in width, which he whether the person is strong or weak, said he had work during 20,000 miles of young or old; the plaster is put upon the walking. It must not be fastened on too and is an excellent dure for disease. tightly, but so that it would support the Secing that these unfortunate persons are waist and in case you were tired with now living outside the city, cold and walking you could put your hands behind hungry, every family poverty-etricken and and rest your loins, and injury to the spine wretched, having travelled over a thousand was thereby avoided. He had often been Us nick from either privation or anxiety, asked whether he was stiff in the morning. these medicaments are good for warming He held in his hard a bottle containing a their insides and putting their stomache in prep ration composed of two parts of pure order; and although the gentry ere very clive oil and one part of ammonia; this lis ready with all the essistance in their power, rubbed upon his limbs from the thigh the mandaring are not behind them in their down to the spele. It must be rubbed tender care of the poor people. At present simply downwards After that, put on red

to Imperial subsidies, no share of postage appeal to the Fu-tai to open branch- strongly against the use of alcoholic stimulants taken internally, and advocated walking exercise as a means of ensuring

health. He quoted Dryden's couplet-The wise, for cure, on exercise depend;

God never made His work for man to mend. After walking upwards of 18,000 miles i public, experience had taught him that walking was most beneficial to health; and as he wished to see dyspeptics and consumptives banished, he undertook feats of endurance, hoping that the youth of this country and his own would be stimulated to new efforts in the field of physical culture; and if so, those who had sons and daughters would not lose the benefit of such a revival as that of walking as an exercise. (Applause.) In the course of the lecture, Mr Weston related several amusing anecdotes, and said that much dislike had been shown to him in America because he would not associate himself with the betting clique.

-A vote of thanks was passed to Mr Weston for his lecture. - The Liverpool Mercury.

THE state of Mr. Delane's health (says a weekly contemporary) is such that he will autumn crops, the business has been quite ship of the Times. The proprietors of that believe, to Dr Dasent; but he prefers the advices (20th ultimo), previous to the effective writers on its staff, has many qualifications for the position; but it is Malwa at Tis. 426/428 per picul, and at this | understood that he aspires to a political

THE Standard says that the Tressury and Admiralty have lately had under their consideration the depreciation of the value of silver, and the changes which have taken place in the currencies of various countries in connection with the payment of wages and allowances to officers and men of Her Majesty's ships serving abroad. It has been found impossible, on account of the unsettled condition of the silver market, to establish permanent fixed rules for any foreign silver coin. The East Indian rupes and Mexican dollars on the East Indies and China stations are to be disbursed at rates fixed from time to time by the Treasury. All other silver coins will be issued at rates equivalent to those at which they are taken up. This measure has been adopted to remedy the losses sometimes suffered by officers and men on receiving their pay at the former fixed rate.

A GOOD story is told by South-Western Railway men of an employé who added to the occupation of porter a love for music. and who was, in fact, a fair musician, and no mean player on the harmonium. His talents bedoming known where he was stationed, which was not a hundred miles from Bishopstoke, he temporarily obtained the post of harmonium player at one of the places of worship which did not boast of an organ. Not being accustomed to attending a place of worship, or else fatigued by his previous day's duties, the said porter fell asleep, and was not liberated from the arms. of Morpheus in time to play a portion of the service. The somnolent porter was aroused from his reverie by dint of vigorous nudging. but instead of commencing to play the harmonium, his thoughts reverted to his every-day routine, and he commenced quite naturally to wave his arm to and fro as if ringing his bell, and shouted out to the amusement of many and the consternation of some worshippers, "Change here for Salisbury, Wilton, and Andover Junction." The unenviable feelings of this railway employé "out of place" when he came to may be better imagined than described.

Quotations. Honekone, Jan. 18, 1877. OPIUM.-New Patna, cash...\$587 New Benares, cash, 5525 credit, 555 New Malwa, cash, 555 credit, 560 Allowance Taels, 32 a 40 Old Malwa, cash, 570 credit, 575 Allowance Taels, 5.50 a B SALTPETRE. Exchange.

30 days' sight, ... 4/8 6 months' sight, ... 4/3

North China Ins. Co., Tls. 875 Yangtazo Ins. Association, Tla. 640 H.K. & W. Dock Co., 471 dis. H.K. O. & M. S. boat Co., \$18 dis. Shaughal Steam N. Co., Tis. 93 ex div. Hongkong Hotel Co., \$522 dia. Chinese Imperial Loan, 199

Temperature.

(Taken at Mosers Balsoner & Co.'s Promises. Queen's Road.) Hondroke, Jan. 18, 1877.

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Cabbage, Macao,

Carrots, Salt

Shanghal,

Turnip, Bohl

insurances.

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to Reserve Fund. OLYPHANT & Co., General Agents. Honghoug, April 17, 1873,

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NORTON & Co., Agents. Hongkong, January 1, 1674.

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Freight will be received on Board until p.m. of 31st Instant. Parcel Packages will be received at the Office until 5 p.m. same day: all Parcel Packages should be marked to address in full: value of same

s required. Return Passage Tickets available for f months are issued at a reduction of 20 per cent, on regular rates.

For further information as to Freight or Passage, apply to the Agency of the Company, Ne. 16, Praya Central

G. B. EMORY, Agent. Hongkong, January 2, 1877.

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Freight will be received on board until 4 p.m. 14th Proximo. Parcel Packages will be received at the office until 5 p.m. same day; all Parcel Packages should be marked to address in full; value of same is required.

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Hongkong, January 18, 1877.

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Hongkong, July 31, 1873.

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AH YON, COMPRADORE AND STEVEDORE,

No. 57, Praya West. SHIPPING SUPPLIED WITH ALL KINDS OF COAL, WATER, BALLAST, FRESH PROVISIONS & OILMAN'S STURES

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NTO. 1 of the "TOKIO TIMES" (A Weekly Journal) will be Published at Tokio on Saturday, January 6, 1877. Terms of Subscription; \$12 per Year. Single Copies, 25 cents. Advertisements: 50 cents per Inch or

part of an inch, and \$5 per Column. Orders received by Messra Lane, Chawford & Co. Hougkong, January, 1877.

P. F. DA SILVA, MENERAL COMMISSION AGENT.

TARAO and TAIWANEOO. [fe22 THE HONGKONG CHINESE MAIL.

THE Circulation of THIS PAPER has been very much extended. The following are some of its Agents;-

Macao, -Man Chuen Shop. Canton. - Sing Chuen Native Post Office. Luen Hing Street; Chui Heung Low Hotel, Luan Hing Street; Kwong Tin Fat Shop, Yan Tsai Street; Mr Sit Chuen Fan, Tung Wen Kwan; Yuen Fong Shop, in front of the Provincial Treasurer's Yamen; How Yuen Shop, Small Market Street, New City; Yee Cheung Photograph Shop, Honam; Kwal Houng Shop, Sin Choong, Honam,

Swatow. - Sul Cheong Hong: Woh Shun Loong Hong

Amoy, -Chim Cheong Hong, Mook Kok Foothow .- Mr Yil Ching Cheong, Foochow Arsenal; Mr Lum Kwok Ching, Mari-

time Customa. Shanghai, -Mr Ng Ching Shun, Maritime Customs; Mr Ho Yue Chuen, Mari-Swansdown MUFFS, COLLARS and time Customs; Mr Chan Sing Hot, Medara Jardine, Matheson & Co.; Mr Kwong Chuen Fook, Educational Mission School;

and Mow Sing Sang Kee shop. Ningpo,-Mr Sung Min Chee, Maritime

Hankow,-Yee Hing Hong. Chafoo, -Yen Shun Hong Japan. - Mr Leong Chun Tong, Munick-pal Office, Yokohama:

Saigon - Wohang Hong. Fook Sang Hong. Penang. - Yow Wing Fong; Argus Office.

Calcutta, -- How Bing Company. San Francisco. - Kwong Foong Tai Hong. The above are some of the Agencies; others will be published, when they are arranged for. Regociations are in progress with the express couriers who early the official despatches and Peking Garcties, to circulate the Chinese Moil in the interior of

Hongkong, March 10, 1874

Intimations. EXPOSITION: UNIVERSELLE

THE CONSUL for FRANCE has the honour to inform those Persons who wish to take part in the intended Exhibition, that they will find at the CONSULATE

all Information and Particulars they may require. For the Consul, G. BOULOUZE, Vice-Consul

Hongkong, December 18, 1876. MUNICIPAL CORPORATION.

PENANG.

THE Municipal Commissioners of Penang are desirous of receiving DESIGNS for a TOWN-HALL. This Building is to be erected on the ground on the east side of the Esplanade situate between the latter and Duke Street, and its cost is not to exceed \$30,000.

The Commissioners offer a PREMIUM of \$400 for the best and most suitable Design with Specifications; and competitors have the option of forwarding Tenders for carrying out the work.

The Designs, accompanied with all doonments, are to be sent to the Municipal Office Penang on or before the 1st of March next. For further information apply to the Secretary to the Municipal Commissioners at Penangi D. C. PRESGRAVE,

Municipal Secretary. Penang. Municipal Office, The 21st September, 1876.

NOTICE.

THE CHINESE MAIL.

TROM and after the Chinese New Year's I - day (February 17, 1874) the Chinese Mail will be issued DAILY instead of TRI-WEEKLY as heretofore. No change, how ever, will be made in the price of subscription, which will remain at \$4 per annum. The charges for advertisements are now assimilated to those of the China Mail The unusual success which has attended Sheeps Head and Fost, set the Chinese Mail makes it an admirable

medium for advertisers. The Conductors guarantee an eventual circulation of one thousand copies, already the most influential native journal published, and enjoys considerable prestige at the Ports of China and Japan, and at Singapore, Penang, Calcutta, San Francis-Capons, co and Australia.

For terms, do., address MR CHUN AYIN Manager.

China Mail Office, 17th February, 1874, AFONG.

PHOTOGRAPHER. by appointment, to H. E. SIR ARTHUR KENNEDY GOVERNOR OF HONGKONG

and to H. I. H. THE GRAND DUKE ALEXIS OF RUSSIA. Wyndham Street, formerly ATHLETIC CLUB, TTAS on hand the Largest and Best collection of Views of China, Photographic Albums, Frames, Cases, &c., of assorted sizes, Photographs enlarged from C. D. V. size to life size and coloured in oil A new apparatus for Photography has

been received from England; he is prepared

to take Photos, of Buildings and interiors at the shortest distance. Hongkong, July 17, 1876.

Now Ready. OHINA REVIEW VOL. V., No. 8. Annual Subscription, postage included

\$6.50.

CONTENTS. -Rezays on the Chinese Language, (Continued from page 83.) Establishment of American Trade Canton. Chinese Intercourse with the Countries of Garoupa, Central and Western Asia in the Fif-

teenth Century, Part I. (Continued from page 182. The Beater's Song. The Law of Inheritance. Short Notices of New Books and Literary Intelligence.

Notes and Queries :--Validity of Chinese Marriages. Money Loan Associations. Bean Cake as a Manute. Pidgin English, Books Wanted, Exchanges, &c.

China Mail Office, Hongkong, January 10, 1877.

THE CHINESS MAIL, TERMS OF ADVESTISING IN THE

Ohiness Mail.

TWO cents a character for the first 100 Salt Flab, characters, and one cent a character | Shark, young beyond the first 100, for first insertion, and Shrimps, beyond the first 100, for first insortion, and half price for repetitions during the first week. Subsequent weeks insertions will Skate, be charged only one half the amount of the Snapper, first week's charge. Advertisements for Snipe Fish, and longer will be allowed a half a year and longer will be allowed a deduction of 25 percent on the total amount, | Soles, Fresh and contracts for more favourable terms Touch, can be made,

Efforts have been made to establish Agents for stroulating the Chinese Mail in all Singapore. Ting Ken Hong; Knong the ports and in the interior of China, all the ports in Japan, in Salgon, Singapore, Penang, Calcutta, Batavia, Manila, the Phillippines, Australia, San Francisco, Pern and other places which Chinese frequent. When the list of Agencies is completed, it will be published. Agents have been already established in most of the above places, and in important ports more than one agent has been appointed at each. CHUN AYIN,

Hongkong, February 23, 1874.

HONGKONG MARKET PRICES. Corrected to Saturday, January 18, 1877. At 1080 Oash per Dollar Mexican, Highest. Louces Butcher Meat.

Bacon, English

Beef Corned,

Roast,

Soup.

Bullocks' Brains.

Head.

Heart.

Feet.

Kidney

Calves Head and Feet, set

Chinese,

English

Liver,

Hams, American,

Mutton Chop,

Pigs' Chitlings,

Foot,

E.F.

Heart,

Liver,

Pork, Chop,

Log,

Sucking Pign,

Deer, Shanghai,

Duck

Pheasants, Canton, live, pair

shanghai, dead

Eggs, Hen

Ducks.

Fowle.

Gerro,

Partridgen,

Pigeons.

Quail,

Snipe

Rabbita,

Turkeys,

Woodcook,

Bream,

Carp,

Catfish,

Orabs.

Dage,

Codfish, Salt,

Cuttle Fish,

Eels, Conger

Small

File Fish,

Gudgeon,

Haddock

Live Fish,

Lobston,

Mackerel,

Oysters,

Perch.

Pomfret.

Prawns,

Ray, .

Reach,

Turbot,

Amurague

Turtles, Small

Broad,

Beet Boot, .

Brancica,

Rock Fish,

Salmon, Canton,

Baltwater,

Pickled,

Parrot Fish,

Herrings, .

Kldneys,

Corned, . .

Fat or Lard,

Heart.

Kidneys,

Poultry.

. catty

Foodhow.

Carrots, Fresh Cauliflower, Ame. Sugar cured .. . Celery, Chinese, . English. Beef, sirioin and prime cut, cy. 160 160 Quoumbers. Chilles, Dried, Ourry Stuff, English, !. Egg Plant Garlie, (bulb) dried. Tongue, fresh, each 820 corned 140 Greens, White Green, Sprouts

Winter course Green Peas, in shell, old ... YOUDG 11 "Horse Radiab," S'hal, Lettuce, Chinese 25 Tripe (undressed), catty 50 English, Mushroom, dried, Onions, Bombay Green 160 Paraley, Chinese, English, bunch Potatoes, California,

12" 15 new, Macao, Pumpkins, Radishes, 80 Scallions Shalots, Sesamum,

Taro (U Tau) Tomatoes. 120 Turnipa, Salt, English Ohinese / 220 | Water Lily Roots. Water Cress Yama Fruits, Aleurites,

Apples, Dried Californian, Almonds, (Bombay), Bauanas, fragrant Punti, \$2.00 \$1.75 , Common Chestnuts, new. Cocoanuis Currants, 120] 110 Datos, Fige, Dried. Ground Nuts. Lemons Lichoes, Dried, 220 Loong Ngan, Dried,

Olives, green, Punti, catty 60 Oranges, (Goolie) Chang ,, Sweet, Sun-woey, ,, (Mand.) coolie Kam-kwat (Mandarin) Papaw, Pears, Tientain,

Pears, Chefoo, Pine-apples, Punti Plantains, common fragrant Prunes, Dried, Pumeloes or Shaddock, each -Amoy, Raisins, Muscatel, Salesbury Seeds, Pak-kwo, catty

Sugar Cane. Tamarinds. Walnuts, Water Chesnuts, Canton Miscellaneous. Alispice, Chinese English. 750 Barley, 1600 1500 Bran, 1500 1400 700

Candied Orange Peel. 750 Capers, 220 160 Charcoal 1080 1000 Cheece, American, English, 500 450 Dutch, 1100 1000 each Cinnamon. Citron. 180 180 Cloves, Coccanut Oll, bottle

Coffee. Curry Ponder. Po Firewood. 850 Flour, .. 8000 2750 Isinglace, Lamp Oil,

Macaroni, Maco, 500 800 . bottle Mustard, 180 100 Nutmegs, , . picul 1600 1500 Pearl Barley. 220 180

GEORGE ORLEY, Inspector of Markets. Wyndham Street, Hongkong,

250 200

Printed and published by GEO. MURRAY BAIR, at the China Mail Office, No. 2.

150 400 350 Fish. Bombay Ducks, new per hundred 350, 300 50 Fresh Fish, Large 90 140 100

100

80 Mango Chuiner

Vegetables. Beans, sprout, Pepper (whole) ,, French from Macso (ground) 10 Pickica,

Cabbage, White Canbon